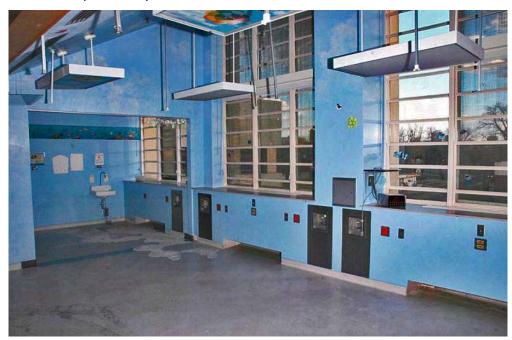
Children's Hospital:



History:

The beginning of the Children's Hospital can be traced back to Dr. Minnehaha Cecelia Francesca Tucker Love (Dr. Minnie C.T. Love). Dr. Love (1856-1942) Was from Wisconsin and received her degree from Howard University.

In 1897 Dr. Love worked with the Denver Women's Club to obtain funds for a "tent hospital" that could help the children of the poor and indigent. Most of the supplies were donated, this included the payments for water and power. They had a saying at the Hospital, "Come on in, and close the tent flap behind you."



Kidney Dialysis room – Old Tuberculosis Ward

The tent hospital was open for over two years before the funding ran out. This was possibly due to the Spanish American war that was taking most of the countries supplies.

In the 1906 Denver Medical Times, Dr. Love was quoted as saying "The cause of the sick crippled children needs no advocate... as soon as sufficient money and furnishings are pledged, a suitable house will be procured and fitted out with all other modern appliances for the successful treatment of the acute and chronic diseases of children. In a Hospital devoted exclusively to children the little patients, free from subjection to sights and sounds not best for them to see and hear, but which are unavoidable among the adult sick."



Dr. Love started the campaign to get the Hospital started and her first two contributors were Lawrence Phipps who donated \$5,000 and Thomas Patterson who donated \$1,000.



On May 2, 1907 the Board of Directors (all women) incorporated under the name "The Children's Hospital". This was followed by the purchase of nine lots of land located at the intersection of Albion & 16^{th} Ave, for \$1,200/

On August 11, 1909, the Board purchased the building that was once known as the Denver Maternity and Women's Hospital. The building was located at 2221 Downing Street and was purchased for \$15,729. This became the training center for the staff of the Children's Hospital, as well as having housing for thirty children in beds. However, at its peak, it held forty-four children. After opening the new Children's Hospital, the facility became a training center for both the staff of the Hospital as well as other medical students. The training center was closed in 1956.

When the new Hospital was opened on February 17, 1910 the Superintendent was Oca Cushman, the Director Nurse was Marguerite Bullene.



Therapy Rooms

In 1910 the Hospital offered "free beds to those who are really poor" One of the first recipients of the "free" room was a little girl named Constantia, who was suffering from Polio. She became the focus point for the local media due to the amazing treatment and her quick recovery. When she came to the Hospital she was bedridden and within a four-month period, she was seen in a brace walking on her own.



In 1910 the property at 2221 Downing was purchased along with twelve lots of land at the intersection of 19th & Downing. This land was purchased for the cost of \$12,011. The groundbreaking for the new Children's Hospital was held on February 17, 1916. The award for the construction was awarded to the frim of Briscoe & Morman of New York. The final cost of the building was \$194,000. The new facility included the most modern features including indoor plumbing, a modern kitchen, dumb waiters, and isolation areas to contain children with contagious diseases.



Pharmacy

Opening day of the new Children's Hospital was on February 12, 1917. The existing thirty patients that were housed at the 2221 Downing address were hand carried to the new location by the Nurses.



Tuberculosis patients

The timing for the new Hospital was beneficial because of the upcoming outbreaks of the flu, Smallpox, and Tuberculosis. Initially the Hospital had rules against taking in patients that were considered to be contagious, and even opened a small separate building to house these types of patients. Because of the size of the outbreaks, they changed their rules.

In 1920 Agnes Reid Tammen and her husband Harry Heye Tammen (the publisher of the Denver Post), donated \$100,000 to help with a new wing of the Hospital. The addition was named after Ms. Tammen. The groundbreaking for the new wing was on June 6, 1921. The wing opened on February 16, 1924. At the opening ceremony Mr. Tammen was quoted as saying "For a Child's sake" this became the motto of the Hospital in the following years. Ms. Tammen died several months after the dedication, she left a trust to the Hospital that included millions of dollars that helped fund the Hospital for many years.





Exterior of Hospital



Nurses Station

Because of the length of time that some of the patients were spending in the Hospital, they added a School program in the early 1920's. The teaching staff was supplied by the local Junior League of Volunteers. This schooling continued for several years until the onset of the great depression. The Hospital finally contracted with the Boettcher School to continue the education of the patients. The school was located across the street from the Hospital. In order for the children to get to school, there was a tunnel constructed to allow for access during the cold months. The school officially opened in 1940.



In 1924 the Hospital expanded to include several houses on Ogden Street. The houses were used for many different purposes. One of the houses was used by the Junior League as a preventorium, one was used as an isolation Hospital and several were rented out to provide additional funding to the Hospital.

On May 10, 1924 the Hospital opened an out-patient facility. Unfortunately, due to the great depression, it was forced to close in 1930.

A new addition was needed to help with a large number of patients as well as the new patient Library and school. The addition also included several swimming pools and Hydrotherapy facilities. This new wing was constructed in 1931 and named after the Hospitals leading benefactor Agnes Tammen.



A ground breaking was held on December 11, 1930 to celebrate the construction of the new "Tammen Hall", the architect Merrill Hoyt was selected, the architects had previously designed the Denver Public Library and Red Rocks Amphitheatre. The building originally included 150 private rooms for the Nursing staff, an auditorium, library, classrooms, dining facilities, several laboratories, and a full gym in the basement. One of the highlights was the roof garden that allowed a place for the staff to go and relax on breaks. The construction was completed in 1932. There was an addition in 1936 that added a swimming pool and several Hydrotherapy pools that had "hot pools" that were kept at 100 degrees for the Polio patients as well as "salt pools" to Tuberculosis and arthritis patients.

The nursing staff had a new living quarters in a six-unit row house that was located across the street from Tammen Hall.



Tammen Hall

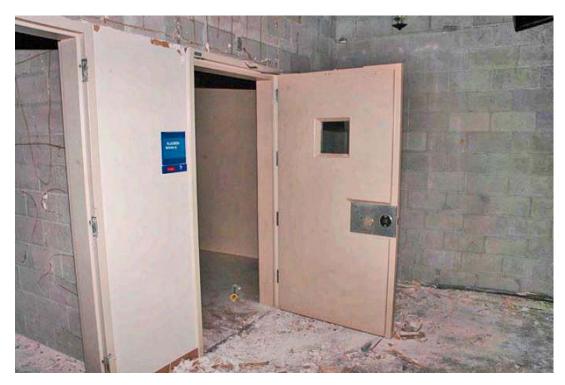
In 1942 the addition of an x-ray and radiology department was constructed. This was made possible due to the purchase of several pieces of x-ray equipment by the Tammen's.

The need to have blood on-hand for surgeries and other procedures, was met by the addition of a new blood-bank in 1943. This allowed the first bone-marrow aspiration in 1944 and the first exchange transfusion in 1947.



Radiology Entrance

The addition of the infant surgery unit was completed in 1948. The unit eventually became the famous "Newborn center" in 1965.



Padded room on 4 South

In 1943, the first pathology department was opened on the fifth floor of the main Hospital.

In 1946 the Hospital received accreditation for its Residency training program.



Pathology Lab

In 1948, the Speech and Hearing Center was opened.

In the 1950's the first catheterization and open heart surgeries in the western United States were performed.

In 1952 the decision was made that another addition was needed. The new wing took four years to complete. The new wing included, surgical wards and examination rooms. The new wing was named after Oca Cushman, the Hospital' first Superintendent.

The Hospital formed the Children's Hospital Research Foundation in 1953, This was also the year that they decided to close the basic Nursing school.



Play area in the waiting room

In 1956 the Boettcher Evaluation Center opened. It would become the Development and Evaluation Clinic.



Tuberculosis area on roof

In 1956 the Nursing school located in Tammen Hall was closed and the section that housed it became the new Hospital Admiration offices.

The addition of an outpatient building was started in 1967, this was a new 5 story building that included new departments for Development and Evaluation as well as Speech Pathology and Audiology.

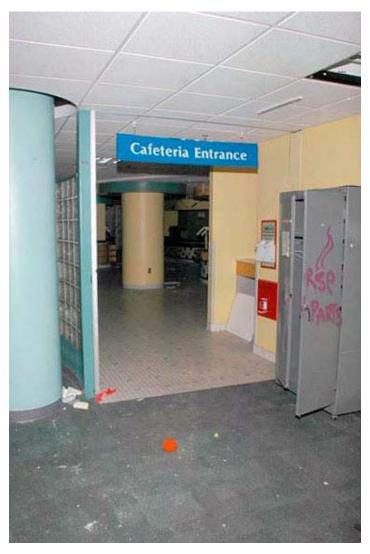
The 1960's a separate adolescent unit opened.



Front of Hospital near admissions

The Three-track amputee ski school opened at Arapahoe basin in 1968.

The most important medical breakthroughs occurred in the care of premature infants when Dr. L. Joseph Butterfield became director of the Newborn U.S.A. (the Hospitals neo-natal center). With this event in 1965, Children's Hospital became an internationally-recognized leader in the prevention and treatment of birth defects, low-birth-weight babies and premature births.



Cafeteria Entrance

In the 1960's Cresap McCormick and Paget, a consulting firm was hired to help with the Hospital during a time of financial loss. In 1968 the firm recommended the addition of men to the Hospital's Board, this was accepted and the following year Lawrence R. Reno became the first male President of the Hospital. The firm also suggested the merging with another hospital to help the stability of the financial situation. In June 1972 there was a unanimous vote to move the hospital across the street from the University of Colorado Medical Center on Colorado Blvd. The Hospital purchased several lots of land, however the agreement between the hospitals failed in 1972. This agreement was partially continued in 1979 when the Pediatric and teaching section of the University was moved to Children's Hospital. A similar partnership was formed in 1991 with the University of Colorado Medical Center when several of the departments became shared units between the two Hospitals.

The first burn program in the United States was opened at Children's Hospital in 1974.



Storage area

In 1976 the formation of a Pathology research and Training facility was made possible through a National Cancer Center Grant that provided the hospital with \$500,000.

The C. Henry Kempe Center for investigative pediatrics was opened in 1980.

The "Kids helping Kids" program that allowed College and High school students interested in medical careers, the opportunity to work directly in the field with medical researchers in a hospital environment opened.



Entrance to Chapel

Kaplan, McLaughlin Architects of San Francisco were contracted in 1976 to complete an addition to the building. The addition was a five-story structure that would include thirty-two intensive care beds, eighty acute care beds, admissions, a new pharmacy and a new Emergency area. A later addition to the wing included the 6th floor Vestal Education Center. It was named after Mr. & Mrs. Don Vestal who were associated with the Hospital for over thirty-five years and had donated over fifty-million dollars as well as assisting with may fundraisers.



The Chapel

In 1978, Dr. James Todd discovered and named Toxic Shock Syndrome.

In the 1980's the Hospital pioneered the use of inhaled nitric-oxide in newborns as a treatment of pulmonary disease as well as discovering new metabolic diseases. The also established one of the country's first Neurotrauma rehabilitation centers.



Admissions area

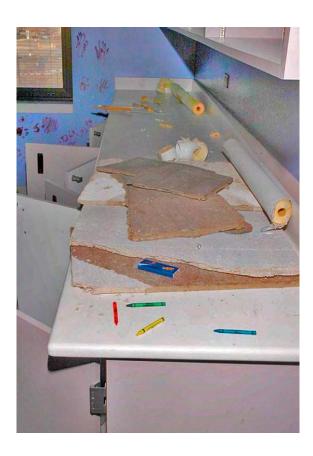
The Children's Hospital Foundation was formed in 1990 and would assist in fundraising and investing for the future of the Hospital. The fundraising included the famous Children's Hospital Telethons.

The addition of a bone-marrow transplant center was completed in 1994.

On February 28, 2005 a ceremony was help making Tammen Hall a Historic Landmark.

Throughout the years the Hospital has been a place for celebrities and the media to visit. In the early years there as even a visit from a Circus, so the children would be able to attend. One of the more popular stories was a visit from Bob Hope. The story is that he was entering the room of a patient who was turning sixteen. He said "She is sixteen and never been kissed" at that point he gave her a kiss. The Hospital has had many other famous visits including Ms. America, Santa and many media personalities.

There was a decision to move the Hospital to a new larger facility and the date was set. The new facility was built and the old Hospital was vacated on September 29, 2007.



During the final days at the Hospital, the patients, parents of the patients and staff members wrote messages on the walls. This gave them their opportunity to say "goodbye" to the old Hospital. The messages share stories of joy and loss. The writing tells stories of past patients and their struggles and sometimes loss that was such a common part of the Hospital's history.



The Darkroom in Radiology

The writing in "Maria's" room said "15 days to 15 years old you've been here for us. The best is yet to come"

Other writings included: "Goodbye from Joshua! Thanks for making me better", "Part of me will always remain. Love to all" written by Kathy a staff-member who worked at the Hospital from 1985-1987. Writing above the fifth floor staff asks "How many rounds have we had?". There was also writing on one of the fifth floor walls listing "things we won't miss: Ghosts, the Dark Cave, Broken Tube station, Teeny rooms 62, 63 Whooshing sound when the doors close".



Operating room

The writing above the room number plaque said "How many loves have we cared for in here"





Operating Room

On a list of "Our Children" there are many names, including; Amanda who has a halo drawn above her name with "God Bless You" written below. She was one of the children that never left the Hospital.



Bryan's old workspace

The humor of the staff could be seen in the writing just outside of room 560 where they wrote "Where O' Where have all the Narcs gone? Where O' Where could they be? I need a Benadryl stat"

At the fifth floor Nurses station there was written "Heathers in labor © Sat 9/29 Sky Ridge Hosp" There are many references to Heathers labor throughout the fifth floor.

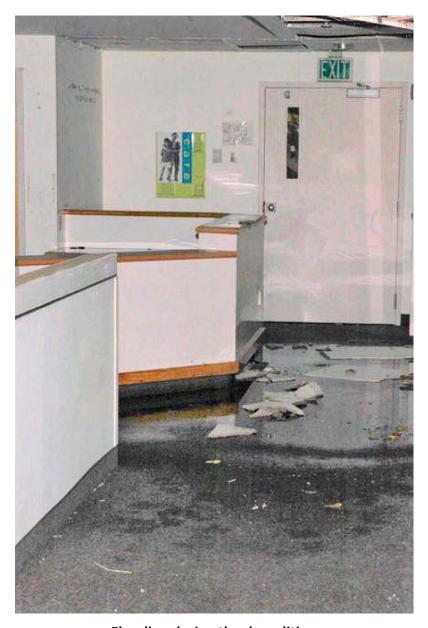
On the fifth floor you can read "they existed they existed we can be and be better. For they In one of the children's rooms, an arrow pointed to where one of the beds would have been located saying "this is where the magic happens". Just to the right of the arrow near the window is another arrow and the words "Moms spot".



View from 5th floor hallway

More writing can be seen on the fifth floor. "The more sorrow you carve into your being the more joy you can contain", "We have given less than we have received."

One of the most memorable writings on the fifth floor; "In this room Nathanyel learned to sit up, walk, sing to his nurses and say "bye-bye"... what a love bug ©"



Flooding during the demolition

The signature on the all stating "Last Patient out @ 1715 9/29! Yay, We made it! ©" says it all.

When the Hospital was moved to its current location there was a sale of equipment that was left behind for the public to purchase. The location offered sales of televisions, chairs, office equipment, janitorial equipment, etc...



Cold storage in the Lab

Reported Paranormal Activity:

The stories of Ghosts go back to the beginning of the Hospital. Reports of phantom Nurses and children haunt nearly every corner of the buildings. These stories have become a kind of oral tradition passed down from staff members and patients.



Children's handprints on the wall

One of the most famous ghosts is that of a Nurse that lived in Tammen Hall. The legend is that she was pushed down an elevator shaft by her fiancé. There is a variation of the story that during construction, one of the workers had abducted, raped and killed her and buried her at the bottom of the elevator shaft. The story always includes that she was a bride-to-be and that after seeing her the witness will then see a wedding dress laying in one of the rooms of Tammen Hall.



Near the entrance to the Vending Machine area

Michelle Hoffman (a medical researcher) reported seeing a "strange woman" at the end of the third floor hallway. She said that just as she noticed this woman she "just vanished".

A worker that was installing wiring during construction reported that when he as alone he would witness lights turning on and off and doors opening and closing on their own. He was convinced that this was the ghost of a nursing student that had taken a liking to him, however he also was reported to have refused to work alone because of the sightings.



Imaging Center Entrance

A security guard that was doing his rounds reported that just after he got off of the elevator (reports name different floors) he saw a "foggy entity" that "looked at him" and then passed through a wall. The story continues that he went to his boss and immediately quit his job.



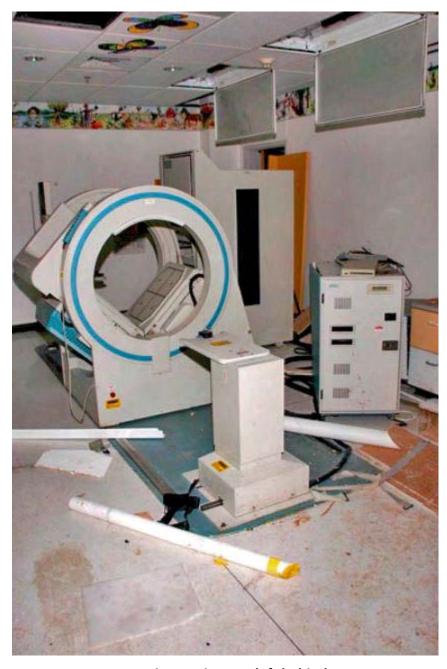
Morgue

There is also a rumor of a Nurse who committed suicide in the 1950's in Tammen Hall just after it had opened. The name of the woman is said to be "Anita" and they even have a room named after her.



Pathology

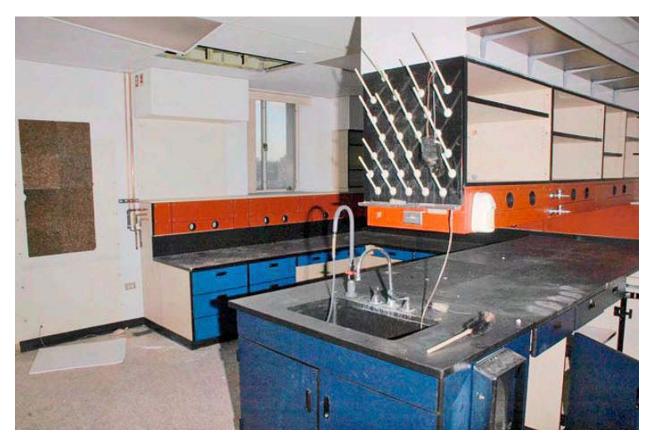
There are reports of a "cold spots' and an elevator that moves from floor to floor without the help of a person. This was the elevator that connected Tammen Hall to the old Hospital building.



Imaging equipment left behind

The fifth floor has the story of "Shane", he is the most popular ghost in the Hospital. The story is based room 562. The stores say that back in the 19850's there was a small child staying in the room (the oncology department). He is said to have died in the room. For decades, children staying in room 562 would wake up in the middle of the night screaming and saying that when they awoke, they saw another child (Blond hair, blue eyes) sitting on top of their chest that was trying to choke them. This report came from children with no relation to each other and the staff had not told the stories of "Shane" to them. We were told by a woman, that she had had a relative die in the mid-1950s in the hospital. She stated that she thought that he was on the 5th

floor and that he was a young blonde haired, blue eyed boy named Shane. We cannot confirm this but it is an interesting story.



Pathology Lab

During the time of the demolition, the hospital was being guarded by off-duty Denver Police Officers. The majority of the Officers refused to go to the areas that had ghost stories. One of them told us "If I see any ghosts up there, I am throwing lead".



Library that had flooded

Investigation:

We were contacted by the company that had been contracted to complete the demolition and the asbestos abatement. They were interested in the stories of the reported paranormal activity in the building and wanted to help document the history of the building and its ghost stories.



Lunchroom

Our team met with several of the people involved with the demolition of the Hospital several weeks before the investigation. We discussed what areas we would monitor and were told stories of current paranormal claims.



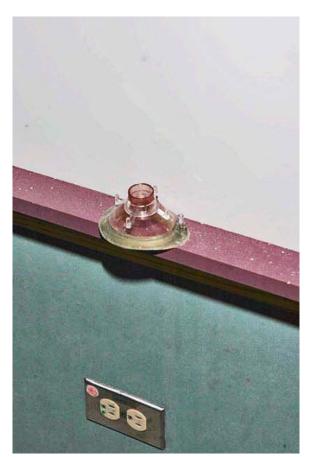
Hallway in main building

The building was guarded by off-duty Police Officers for many reasons, one would expect the main reason would be that of break-ins, however the main reason was to deter people from stealing the copper that was in the building. In fact, the night that we arrived for our investigation, we had to wait for an arrest to happen. An employee of the construction company was caught loading his truck with copper from the site. Because the building had no power, there were no fire alarms, this made it mandatory that the building have on-site personnel for a 24/7 fire watch.



Main Entrance

The on-site investigation started on Friday February 22, 2008. We arrived at 6:00 p.m. to meet with the work crews to determine locations for power sources and go over important information about the locations we could not access because of the demolition and what safety requirements we had to follow.





Pathology Lab

Due to the size of the building we decided to locate on the 5th floor near room 562 (Shane's room). We also monitored several areas around the same location.



The cold storage in Pathology

After the logistical meeting we surveyed the areas that we would be monitoring to determine the best locations for equipment and what wiring we were going to require.

After determining that the main building had no power, heat or running water, we decided that the closest source of electricity was in the front part of the newer admin building. We finally accomplished obtaining power for our equipment with the use of just over 600 feet of heavy duty extension cords.



Reclamation of copper in patient room

This investigation allowed us several opportunities that most investigations do not. The majority of our video cameras were hard mounted to the walls allowing us to leave the equipment up and secure.

Areas monitored and equipment used:

Room 562

- 2 Video cameras aiming from the back of the room towards the door
- 1 Video camera located near the bathroom facing where the bed would have been
- 2 Microphones, set to listen to the room remotely with a stereo effect
- 1 Seismac to monitor vibration of the room

- 3 Control objects (nerf balls)
- 1 Control object (Stuffed duck)
- 1 Video camera watching the control objects

Room 563

- 4 Video Cameras looking in all directions of the room
- 1 Control object (nerf ball)
- 1 Control object (stuffed lion)

Entrance to room 562-563

- 1 Video Camera looking towards entrance to both rooms
- 1 Microphone

Fifth floor Pharmacy

- 1 Video camera looking at main counter
- 1 Control object (stuffed rabbit with big pointy teeth)

Fifth floor Restroom located in hall to Pharmacy

1 – Video camera at main entrance

Hallway leading to fifth floor Pharmacy

1 – Video Camera watching door to Pharmacy

Patient Activity Room across from Pharmacy

- 1 Video camera
- 1 Control object (stuffed dinosaur)

Room 555

- 1 Video camera
- 1 Control object (stuffed bear)

We chose room 560 as the area to set up our base monitoring location.

Due to the lack of power, light and the extremely cold conditions (sub-zero), we did not complete setup until 1:00 a.m.

While setting up the equipment Baxter was having problems with the video feed coming from the seismograph. Bryan helped with the issue and when Baxter went back into the room to check if there were any issues with the A/V cable, he discovered that not only was the cable not connected to the computer, it had been moved out of the room.

The temperatures during the investigation did not very much in areas that were closed and had insulation, however there were several locations that the windows were missing, so the temperature dropped significantly in those areas.

EMF levels were almost non-existent, and were consistent with a building that had no electrical service.

The investigation started with some of the off-duty Police Officers being interviewed. One of the Officers told us that they had all heard different stories about the ghosts in the Hospital and they still avoided different areas in the building because of the "odd feeling' that they would get in the areas.

Another Officer related a story from a few weeks' prior that was witnessed by several guards. They stated that on the third floor of Tammen Hall which is connected to the main Hospital and without power, they had seen several different lights come on late at night, while nobody was in the building.

We had some guests that visited (local City Council Woman) that even volunteered to spend some time alone in room 562.

While monitoring the rooms we noticed that there were sounds coming from room 562. We heard what sounded like banging and footsteps. The floor of the Hospital was covered in debris from the demolition crew, so if there was someone walking you would hear the pop of the plastic and other materials. The sounds that we were hearing were very similar to that sound.

On Saturday around 2:00 a.m. we heard what sounded like a person walking in the hallway just outside of the room that we were monitoring from. We immediately investigated and saw a silhouette at the end of the hallway moving towards the stairway. After further investigation we determined that one of the security staff had ventured onto the fifth floor with us. This was a great opportunity to determine if we could tell the difference between the sounds of a person and the sounds that we had been hearing in the various rooms.

After listening to the sounds for almost an hour, Baxter was volunteered to sit in the room and listen to see if he could hear anything live in the room and possibly determine the source. He was in the room for less than five minutes and started to hear the same noises. He reported sounds coming from different areas of the room and did not seem to have any kind of pattern. We thought that some of the sounds may be coming from the building expanding/contracting due to the cold temperatures, but this was the only location that these sounds were heard. We place two people in the room at opposite sides and instructed them to raise their hand and point to the source of each noise when they heard one. Over the course of an hour, they heard several sounds, but neither reported the same sounds or locations even though they were listening in the same room just feet apart.

Later Bryan returned to the room alone and the noises stopped. This did allow for a quick nap.

The investigation continued and similar sound started in room 563 and the adjoining bathroom. We also monitored what sounded like footsteps coming from the main hallway.

Bryan reported that on a trip back from the restroom (the functioning one in the other building) that he thought that someone from the team was playing with him and making sounds from one of the rooms behind him because of the sounds of loud footsteps. The team was all accounted for and the sounds remained unexplained.

A volunteer was sent to room 563 to listen for the sound that we were monitoring. While they were in the room, they heard the sounds. We decided to send Baxter in to see if he was hearing the same thing. Just like the previous experiment in room 562, the people in the room were reporting that they heard sounds, but not from the same location or at the same time. The person listening from the monitoring location heard all of the sounds.

All of the members of the team decided to take a break and go to the main building to warn up and have a coffee break. When the team was on the way back to the base location to continue monitoring, they were just about to turn down the main corridor towards the monitoring room when they heard the sound of a very loud "crunch", it sounded like someone had stepped on some of the broken light fixture cover that was scattered throughout the hallway. This sound was heard by everyone present. We went in the direction of the sound and it became the sound of loud "footsteps" at the end of the hall, we pursued and the footsteps continued around the corner. After following the sound around several corners, we remembered the statement from the Officer about his fear of the location, "I will throw lead". This concerned us because while this may not be the Officer, if it was we were most likely going to be perceived as a "ghost" and get shot. So we quietly returned to our base location.

The team worked on documenting the building itself as well as the "graffiti" that was left behind.



During the investigation the team left the site for two meal breaks, and left all of the equipment running and upon review discovered that while nobody was at the location, the sounds could still be heard.

The investigation concluded on February 24 around 8:00 a.m.

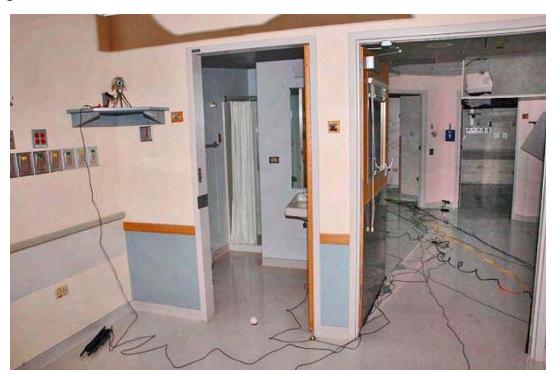


As we were packing up, a team was sent to the main security office to figure out if anyone had been up to the floor that we were on when we heard what sounded like someone running from us. They could not confirm if anyone had been up when we heard the sounds, because a shift change had just occurred and there was nobody from the previous shift to answer the question. We decided that we would have to talk to them when we returned for our follow up investigation (scheduled in two weeks)

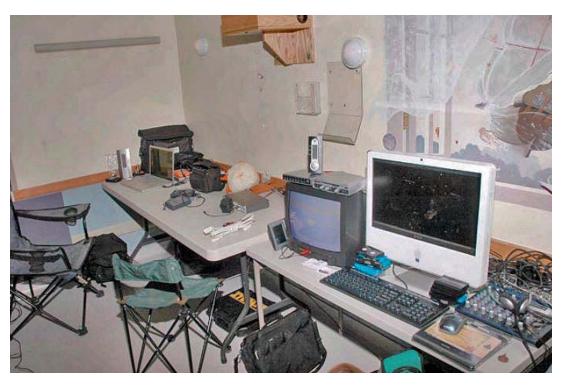
While we were preparing to return to the Hospital for a follow up investigation, we were contacted by the contractors we were working with and told that the building was now a pile of rubble. They had been contacted by the Department of Homeland Security and they had used the building as a training exercise. This meant that there was no building for us to return to.

Because of the Hospitals early demise, we were unable to answer several outstanding questions from the investigation and will have to leave them as unanswered.

Investigation Photos:



Outside of Shane's room



Base Location



Base Location



Shane's Room



Outside Shane's Room



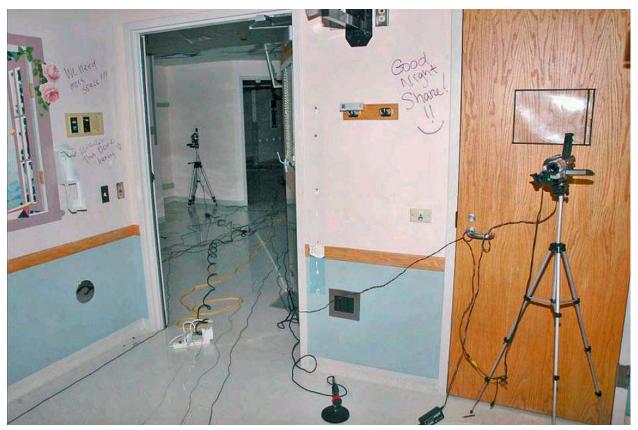
5th Floor Hall



Shane's Room



Shane's Room



Outside of Shane's Room



Stu recording video



Stu recording video

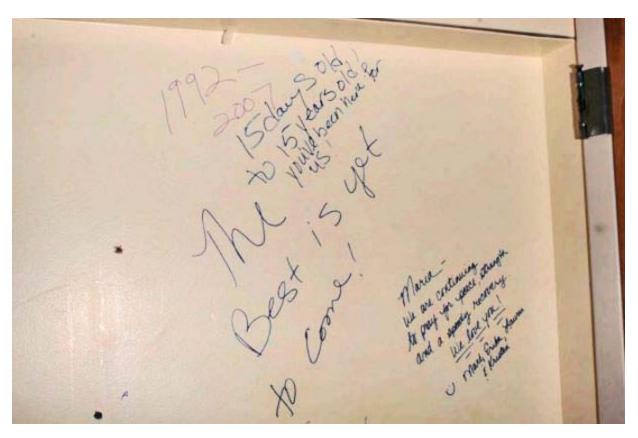
The Memories left on the walls by Staff, Patients and Parents:



5 North
The House that Dreams Built.
It was a great ride I'll miss this place
Mary Mac 1/2879-9/29/07



Thank you 5A staff for Everything



1992 – 2007 15 days old, to 15 years old! You've been here for us. The best is yet to come.

Maria – We are continuing to pray for your peace, strength and a speedy recovery. We Love You! Mary, Erica, Lauren & Krista



I lived in this hospital 17 months: I have the cutest smile in the world! My mommy loves me very much and wants to take me home soon!

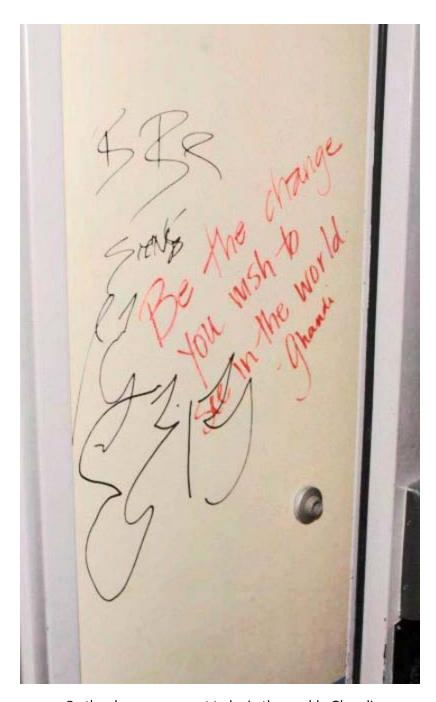


Goodbye from Joshua, thanks for making me better.

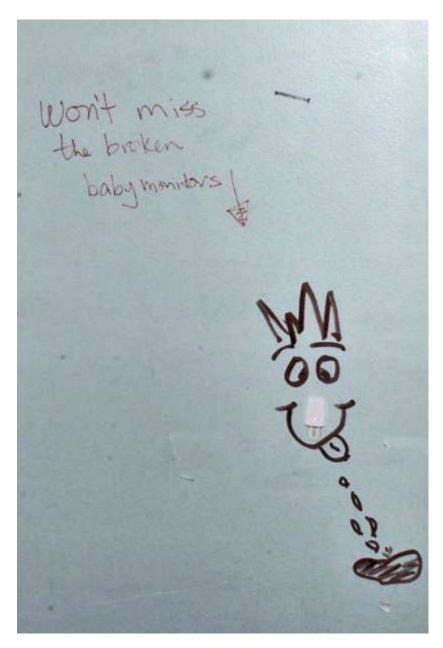
Joshua Taylor and Drew 5yrs



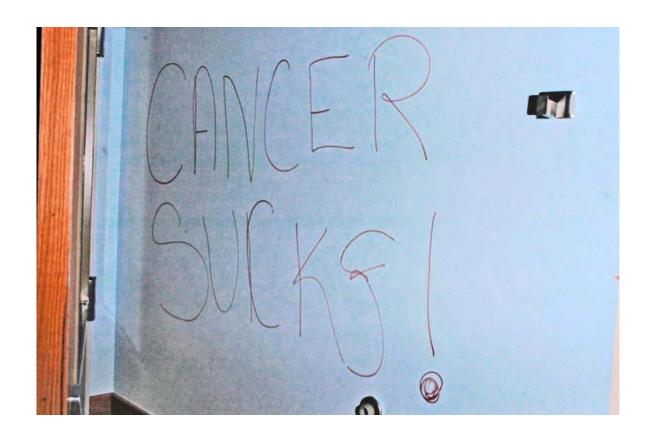
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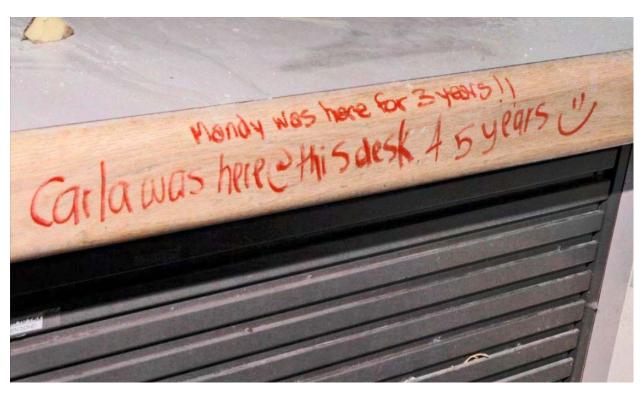


Be the change you want to be in the world - $\mbox{\sc Ghandi}$

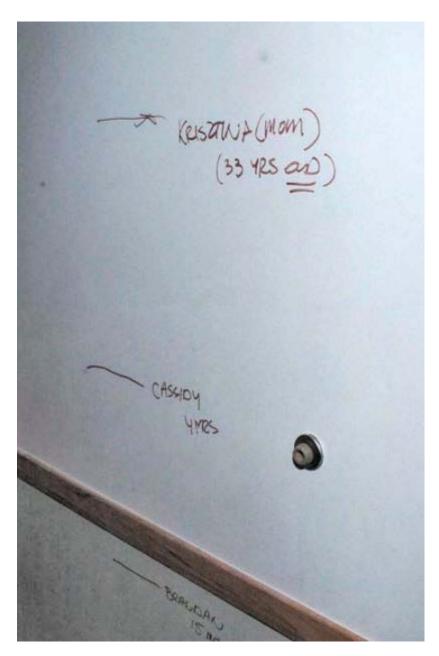


Won't miss the broken baby monitors

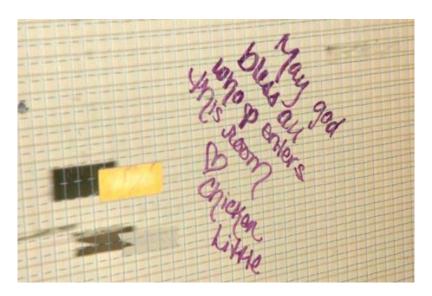




Mandy was here for 3 years!! Carla was here @ this desk 45 years ☺



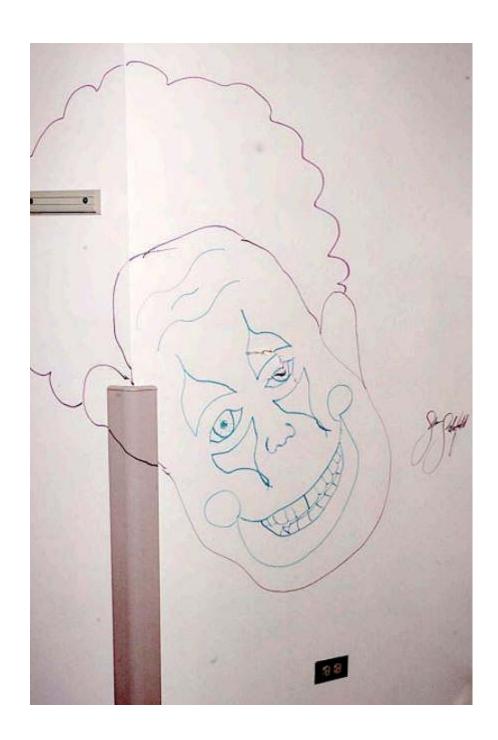
Kristina (Mom) 33 yrs old Casidy 4yrs Brandan 15 months



May god bless all who enters this room – Chicken Little

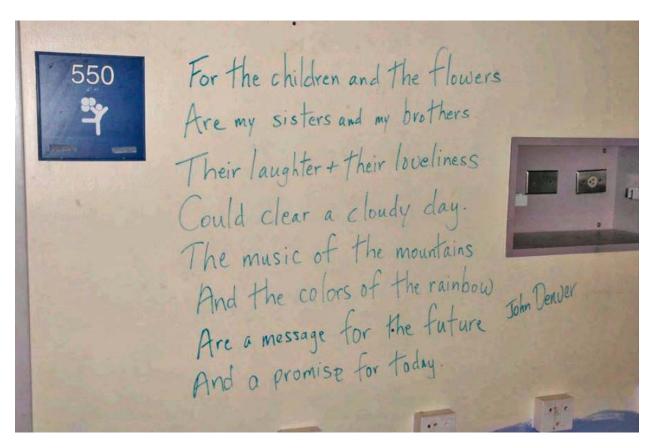


How many loves have we cared for in here?!?!



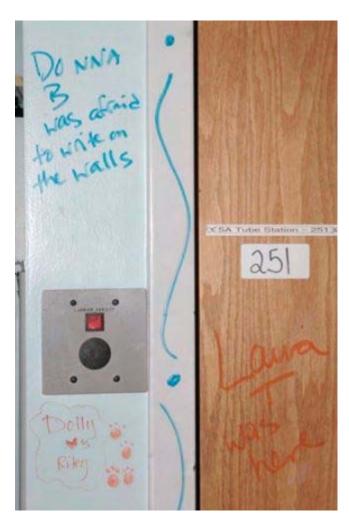


Dariya S... You sweet sweet girl!! Doing so well still rock on w/your make-up ☺ Brandon M - - You Cute boy, You!



For the children and the flowers Are my sisters and my brothers.

Their laughter & their loveliness could clear a cloudy day. The music of the mountains and the colors of the rainbow are a message for the future and a promise for today – John Denver



Donna B was afraid to walk in the halls Laura T was here Dolly Loves Ruby



Unknown

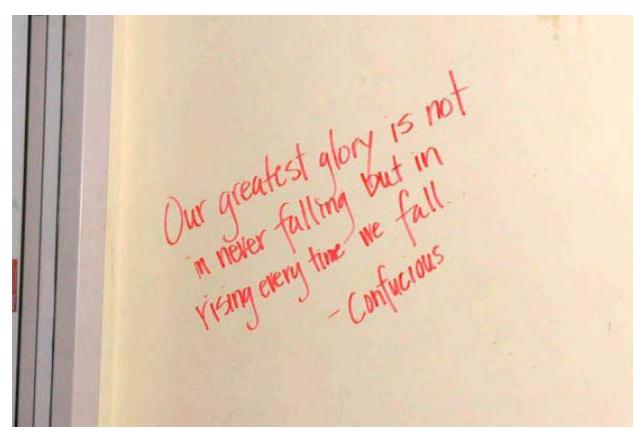




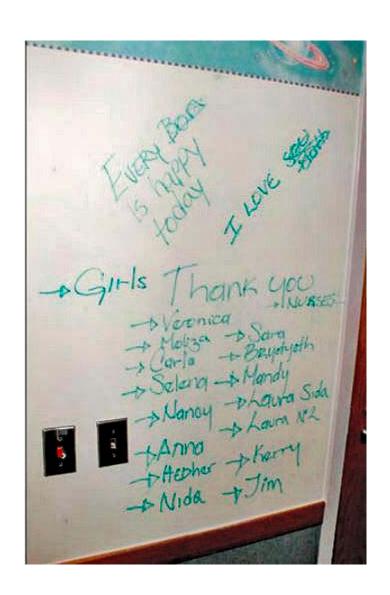
My grace is sufficient for you for my power is made perfect in weakness

He gives strength to the weary

Expect Miracles



Our greatest glory is not in never falling but in rising every time we fall – Confucius





Maria – Bless you and keep you ??? strength and courage – Go with God – Hes got the plan – Jayne B



How many loves have we cared for in here ?!?!



How many hours have we all clocked in here ??? Laura T was here



Jackson waz here!! Thanx 4 everything



Heather's in labor Sat 9/29 Sky Ridge Hosp.

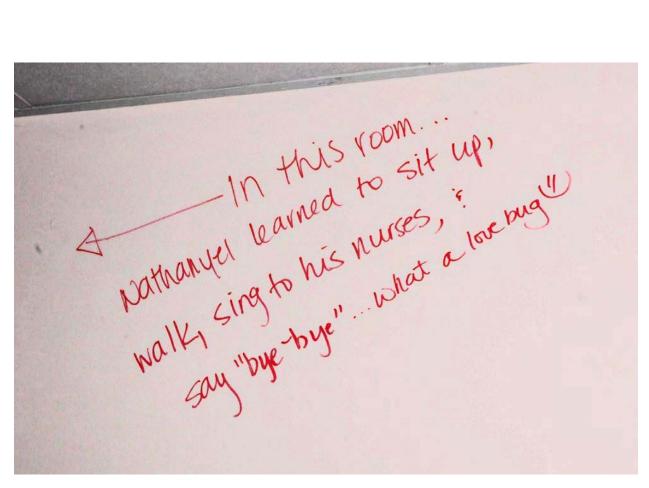


Last night @ TCH 9-28-07 Jax was here 9-20-07



Baby Melina .. W had the best 5am play dates when I drew your labs

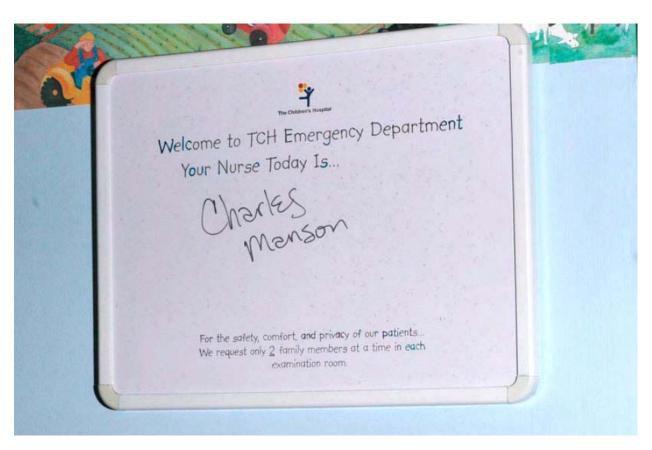
Kirk buddy we love you!



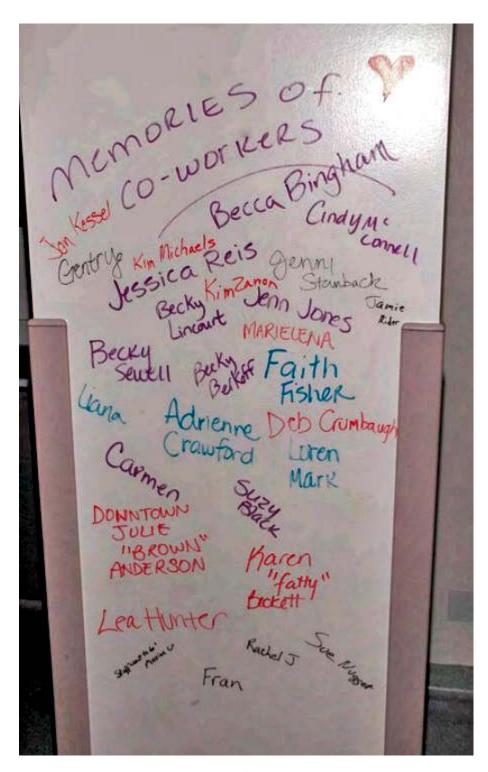
In this room Nathanyel learned to sit up, walk and sing to his nurses, & say "bye-bye"... what a love bug



This is where the magic happens!



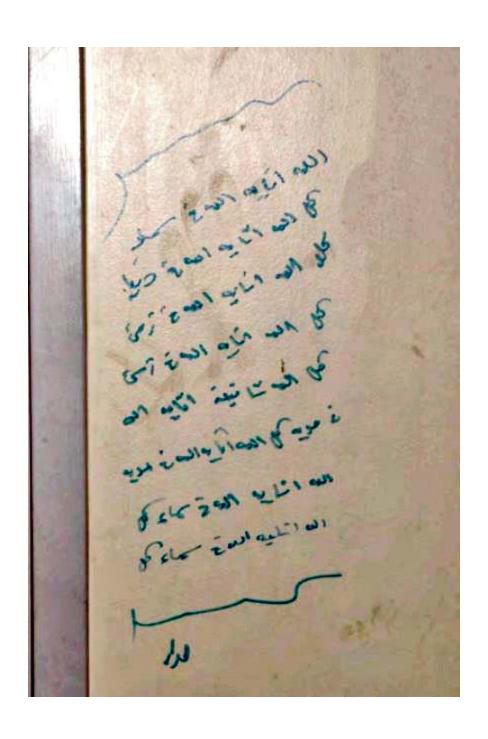
Your Nurse today is: Charles Manson



Memories of Co-workers

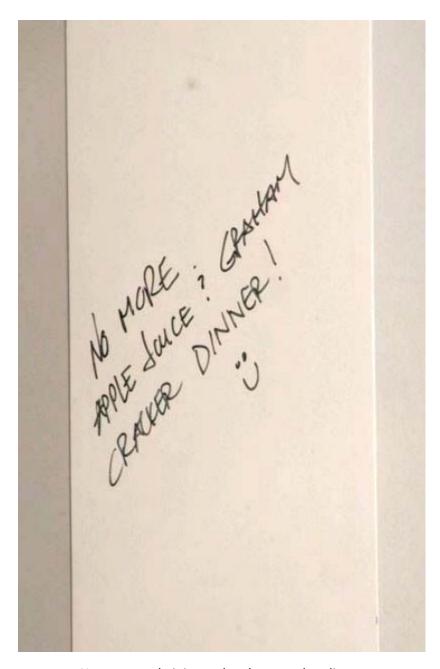


Mom's Spot

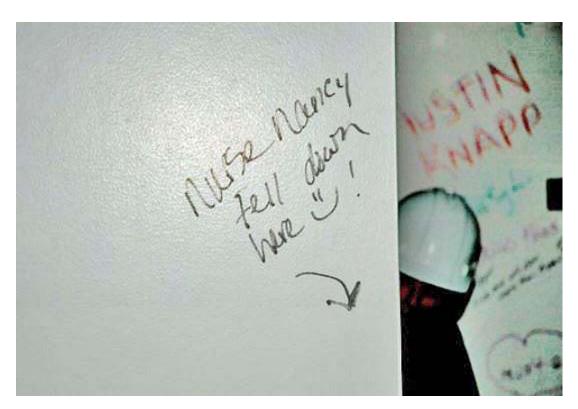




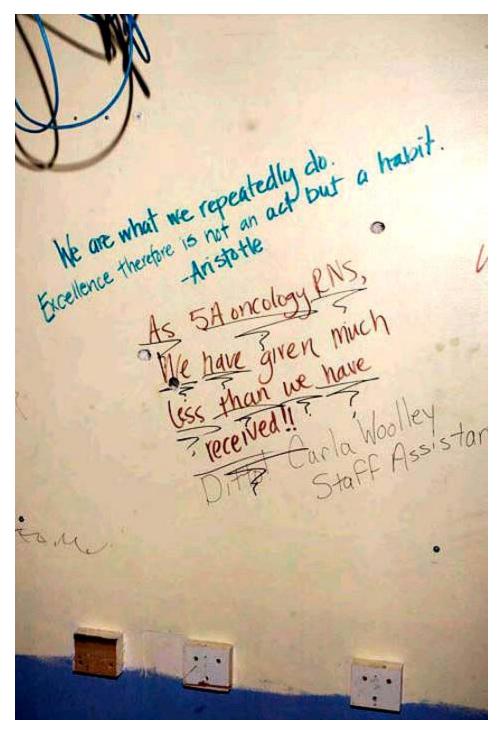
Never Forgotten!



No more apple juice and graham cracker dinner



Nurse Nancy fell down here $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{G}}$



We are what we repeatedly do. Excellence therefore is not an act but a habit5. - Aristotle As 5A oncology RNS We have given much less that we have received!! Carla Woolley Staff Assistant



It is only with the heart that one sees rightly what is essential as invisible to the eye. We are moving on....



Our Children





Yay, for private bathrooms Cool & Clean NEW Playrooms!



The reward bins WILL be coming with us... no worries compliments of Tommi the Great!

We're excite for our new Bright procedure room

Procedure Room – oh, how many hours and days have passed here



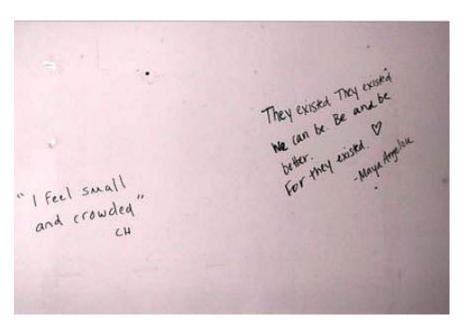
Dr Kristin Whitcomb Goodbye Children's Hospital I love you all!



Sandra's Room 9-14-07 to 9-29-07



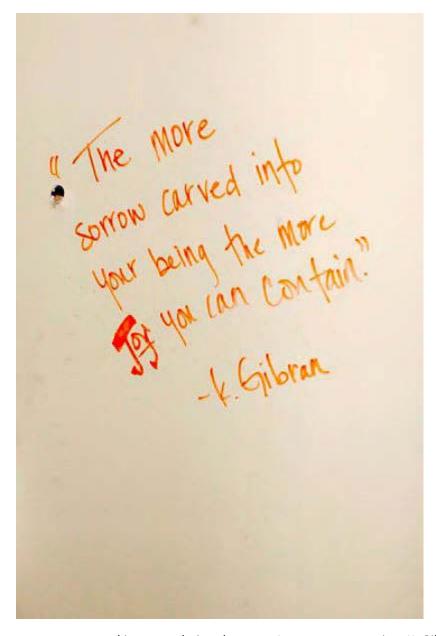
Seth was here O' if I were and angel



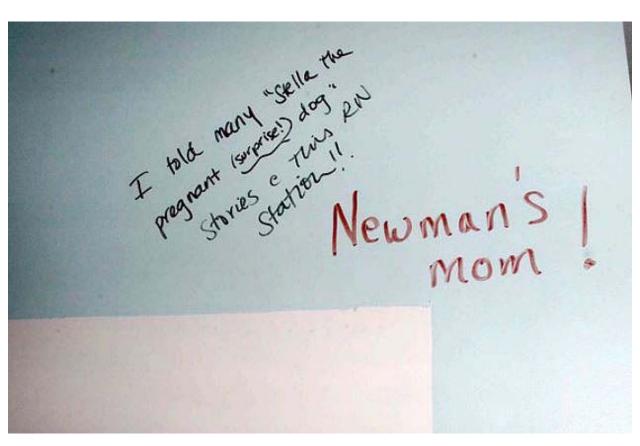
I feel small and crowded CH
The existed they existed we can be. Be and be better for they existed – Mya Angelou



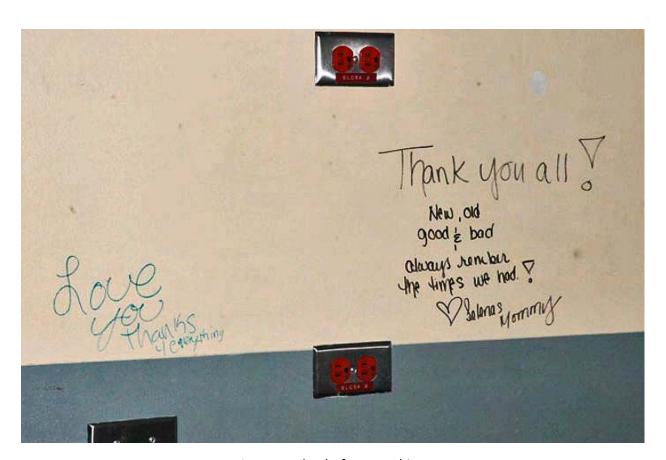
Sometimes even to live is an act of courage - Seneca



The more sorrow carved into your being the more Joy you can contain – K. Gilbran



I told many "Stella" the pregnant (surprise!) dog stories @ this RN Station Newman's Mom!



Love you thanks for everything

Thank you all!

New old, good & bad always remember the times we had! Selena's mommy





Things we won't miss Ghosts...

Broken tube station! Teeny Rooms 62, 63 Whoosin sound when the doors don't close right. The heavy doors that try to eat you.

People sneaking around to the door that locked and Scaring you when your working all door back here!

How many rounds have we had ?!

hast the Patient out @ 17-15 9/29! Yah, we made it 11