History & Paranormal Investigation at The Children's Hospital



A look into Denver's history...

The History and Investigation into reported paranormal activity at The Denver Children's Hospital.
1010 E. 19th Ave Denver CO, 80218

The beginning of the Children's Hospital can be traced back to Dr. Minnehaha Cecelia Francesca Tucker Love (Dr. Minnie C.T. Love).

Dr. Love (1856-1942) was born in La Crosse, WI and obtained her degree from Howard University. In 1897 through the support of The Denver Women's Club Dr. Love was able to start a "Tent Hospital" that would help the children of the poor and indigent. The majority of the supplies were donated through different groups and private organizations. The hospital even had all of the power & water services donated.

The Tent Hospital served the children for over two years before the funding and staff were not longer available. This was possibly due to the Spanish American War that was using a large part of the

"For a Child's Sake"
The mission statement that the Hospital would always follow.

supply of durable medical goods as well as medical personnel.

The phrase that was used by the Tent hospital was "Come on in, and close the tent flap behind you".

In the *Denver Medical Times* (1906) Dr. Love was quoted as saying "The cause of sick crippled children needs no



advocate...

As soon as sufficient money and furnishings are pledged, a suitable house will be procured and fitted out with all the modern appliances for the successful treatment of the acute and chronic diseases of children. In a hospital devoted exclusively to children the little patients a free from subjection to sights and sounds no best for them to see and hear. but which are unavoidable among the adult sick."

Dr. Love started the campaign to get the hospital started and her first two contributors were Lawrence Phipps who donated \$5,000 and Thomas Patterson who donated \$1,000.

On May 2, 1907 The Board of Directors (All women)

incorporated under the name "The Children's Hospital". This was followed by the purchase of nine lots of land located at Albion & 16th Avenue. The price for the land was \$1,200.00.

On August 11, 1909
The Board purchased a
building that was once
known as the Denver
Maternity and Women's
Hospital. This building
was located at 2221
Downing Street and
was purchased for
\$15,729.00. This

became the training center for the staff of the Children's Hospital, as well as had the capacity to house 30 children in beds. However in it's peak it held 44 children. After opening the new Children's Hospital the facility became a training center for both the staff of the Hospital as well as other medical students. The

training center was eventually closed in 1956.

When the Hospital was opened on February 17, 1910 the Superintendent was Oca

Cushman and the Director of Nurses was Marguierite Bullene.

In 1910 the Hospital offered "Free beds... to those who are really poor."

One of the first recipients of the "Free" rooms was a little girl named Constantia Who was suffering from Polio. The little girl became the focus point for the media in town because of the amazing treatment and recovery of the girl. When she came to the hospital she was bedridden and within a four month period she was seen in a brace and walking on her own.

At the same time that the 2221 Downing location was purchased the Board also purchased 12 lots of land at the intersection of 19th and Downing. This land was purchased for the cost of \$12,011. The groundbreaking for the new Children's Hospital at this location was held on



February 14, 1916 and the contract for the architecture was awarded to the firm of Biscoe & Morman of New York. The final cost for construction of the building was \$194,000. The new facility included the most modern of features including plumbing, a modern kitchen, dumb waiters to get supplies and food to the various floors, and isolation areas to contain children with contagious diseases.

Opening day at the new Children's Hospital was on February 12, 1917. The existing 30 patients that were at the 2221 Downing building were hand carried to the new location by the Nurses.

The timing for the new hospital was beneficial because of the soon to be outbreaks of the flupandemic as well as Smallpox and Tuberculosis epidemics. Initially the Hospital had rules against taking patients that were considered to be contagious and they even opened a small separate building to house this type of patient, however because of the various outbreaks they changed the rules.

In 1920 Agnes Reid Tammen and her husband Harry Heye Tammen, (3/16/1856-7/19/1924) the publisher of The Denver Post. donated \$100,000.00 to help with a new wing of the hospital. The addition was named after Ms. Tammen. The groundbreaking for the new wing was on June 6, 1921.



The new wing opened on February 16, 1924 and at the opening ceremony H.H. Tammen was quoted as saying the facility was "For a Child's sake" this became the motto for the hospital in the following years. Mr. Tammen died several months after the dedication. Tammen left a trust to the Hospital and helped the

hospital
throughout
the years
with many
millions of
dollars.
Agnes Reid
Tammen
continued
working to
support the
Hospital until
her death in

1942.

Because of the length of time that some of the patients were spending in the hospital, the addition of a School program was introduced in the early 1920's. The teaching staff was supplied by the local Junior League volunteers. This schooling continued for several years until the onset of the depression. The hospital finally contracted with the Boettcher School to continue the education of the patients. The school was located across the street from the Hospital. In order for the children to get to the School, there was a tunnel constructed to get to the School. The School officially opened in 1940.

In 1924 the hospital expanded to include several houses on Ogden Street. The houses were used for many different purposes. One was used by the Junior League as a preventorium,



one was used as an isolation ward and several were rented out as a secondary income for the hospital.

On may 10, 1924 The hospital opened an Outpatient facility, unfortunately due to the depression the Outpatient department was forced to close in 1930.

A new addition was needed to help with large number of patients as well as the need for a patient library, School rooms, an Auditorium and several swimming pools and Hydrotherapy facilities. This new wing was constructed in 1931 and named after one of the hospital's leading benefactors Agnes Tammen.

A ground breaking was held on December 11, 1930 to celebrate the construction of the new Tammen Hall, the architect Merrill Hoyt was the designer of the hall. The architects were the same that designed the Denver Public Library and Red Rocks Amphitheatre. The building originally housed 150 private rooms for the nursing staff, an auditorium, library, classrooms, dining facilities, several laboratories and a full gym in the basement. One of the highlights of the construction was the roof

garden that allowed the staff a location to relax. The construction of the hall was completed in 1932. There was an addition in 1936 that added a swimming pool and several hydrotherapy pools that had "hot" pools that were kept at 100 degrees for the Polio

patients as well as "salt" pools for Tuberculosis and Arthritis patients.

The nursing staff also had living quarters in a six unit row house that was located across the str

across the street from Tammen Hall.

In 1942 the addition of an X-ray and radiology department was constructed. This was made possible because of the purchase that Agnes Tammen had made of several pieces of X-ray equipment.

The need to have blood on hand for surgeries and other procedures was met by the addition of a Blood Bank in 1943. Due to this addition the hospital was able to reach several goals of the medical community. The first bone marrow aspiration

biopsy was done in 1944 & the first exchange transfusion was completed in 1947.

The addition of an Infant Surgery ward was made in 1948. The unit eventually became the famous Newborn Center in 1965.



In 1943 the first Pathology department was opened on the 5th floor.

In 1944 the addition of several labs was completed including Clinical Chemistry lab located in the old solarium.

In 1946 the Hospital received accreditation in its residency training.

In 1948 the Speech and Hearing Clinics were opened.

In the 1950's the first cardiac catheterization and open heart surgeries in the western united states was performed at the hospital.

In 1952 the decision was



made that another addition would need to be put onto the hospital. The new wing took 4 years to complete after its start in 1954. The addition contained surgical wards, examining rooms & two Emergency rooms. The new wing was named after Oca Cushman. Oca Cushman, RN, was the hospital's superintendent for its first 45 years,

The hospital formed the Children's Hospital Research Foundation in 1953. This was also the year that the decision was made to close the basic nursing school.

In 1956 the Boettcher Evaluation Center was opened. It would become the Developmental and Evaluation Clinic eventually.

In 1956 the Nursing School located in Tammen Hall was

closed and the section that housed the school became the location of the hospital administration and staff offices.

The addition of an Outpatient building was started in 1967. This was a new 5 story building that included departments for Development and Evaluation as well as

Speech Pathology and Audiology.

The 1960s saw a separate Adolescent Unit open and The Three-Track amputee ski school opened at Arapahoe Basin in 1968, the first step in building a nationallyacclaimed Hospital Sports Program. But, the most important medical breakthroughs occurred in the care of premature and newborn infants when Dr. L.

Joseph Butterfield
becomes the director of
Newborn U.S.A., The
Children's Hospital famed
neonatal center. With this
landmark event in 1965,
Children's became an
internationally-recognized
leader in the prevention and

treatment of birth defects, low-birth weight babies, and premature births.

In the 1960's Cresap, McCormick and Paget, a consulting firm was hired to help with the hospital in a time of financial loss. In 1968 the firm recommended that the addition of men to the hospital's board needed to take place. This was accepted and the following year Lawrence R. Reno became the first male president. The firm also suggested the merging of the hospital with another to help the stability of the financial situation. In June 1972 there was a unanimous board vote to Move the hospital across

the street from

University of Colorado Medical Center on Colorado Boulevard. The hospital purchased several lots of land at the location; however the agreement

between the hospitals failed in 1972. This agreement was partially continued in 1979 when the Pediatric and teaching section of the University was moved to Children's. A similar partnership was formed in 1991 with The University of Colorado Medical Center when several of the departments became shared units between the two hospitals.

The first Burn program in the United states was started in Children's hospital in 1974.

In 1976 the formation of a Pathology Research and Training facility was made possible through a Nation Cancer Center grant that provided the hospital with 500,000.00.

He C. Henry Kempe Center for investigative Pediatrics was formed in 1980.

The Kids helping Kids program that allowed College and High School students interested in

medical careers, the opportunity to work directly in the field with researchers in a hospital environment.

Kaplan, McLaughlin Architects of San Francisco was



contracted

in 1976 to complete an addition to the building. The addition was a five story structure that included thirty two intensive care beds and eighty acute care beds, admissions a new Pharmacy and a new Emergency area. A later addition to the wing included the 6th floor Vestal Education Center. It was

named after Mr. & Mrs. Don Vestal who were

associated with the hospital for over thirty five years and donated over 5 million dollars as well as assisted with many fundraisers. named Toxic Shock syndrome.

In 1978 Dr. James Todd of

Children's discovered and

In the 1980's the hospital pioneered the use of inhaled nitric oxide in newborns for the treatment of pulmonary disease as well as discovered new metabolic diseases. They also established one of the countries first Neurotrama rehabilitation programs.

The Children's Hospital Foundation was formed in 1990 and would assist in fundraising and investing for the future of the hospital. The fundraising included the famous Children's Hospital Telethon's.

The addition of a Bone Marrow Transplant center was completed in 1994.

On February 28, 2005 a ceremony was held making Tammen Hall a historic landmark.

Throughout the years the hospital has been a place for celebrities and media members to visit. In the early years there was even

a visit from a Circus so the children would be able to attend. One of the more popular stories was a visit from Bob Hope. The story is that he was entering the room of a patient who was turning 16 and he said that "she is 16 and

never been kissed" at that point he gave her a kiss. The hospital has had many other famous visits including Ms. America, Santa and many media personalities.

The hospital decided to move to a new large facility and the date was set. The new facility was built and the original location was vacated on September 29, 2007.

During the final days at the hospital the staff and patients wrote messages on the walls. They had the opportunity to offer their "goodbyes" to the hospital. The messages share stories of joy and loss. The writing tells stories of past patients and their struggles and sometimes loss that was

such a common thing in the past.

The writing in "Maria's" room says "15 days old to 15 years old you've been



here for us. The best is yet to come."

Other writings include;

"Goodbye from Joshua! Thanks for making me better!"

"Part of me will always remain. Love to all" written by Kathy a staff member who worked at the location from 1985-1987.

Writing above the 5th floor staff room asks "How many rounds have we had?" It also lists things that we wont miss; "Ghosts, The dark cave, Broken Tube station, Teeny rooms 62,63, Whoosing sound when the doors close, etc...

The writing above the room number plaque stated "How

many loves have we cared for in here?!?!"

On a list of "Our children" there are many names listed including "Amanda"

who has a halo drawn above her name with "God bless you" written below. She was one of the children that never left the hospital.

The humor of the staff can be seen in the writing just outside room 560 where they wrote " Where O' where have all the Narcs gone?

Where O where could they be? I need a Benadryl... stat"

At the 5th floor nurses station the writing "Heather's in labor © Sat 9/29 Sky Ridge Hosp" There are many references to Heather's labor throughout the floor.

On the 5th floor you can read "They existed they existed we can be and be better. For they existed... Maya Angelou", "Never forgotten", "Sometimes even to live is an act of courage".

In on of the children's room an arrow pointed to where one of the bed was located says "This is where the magic happens!" just to the right near the window is another arrow and the words "Mom's Spot".

More writing can be seen on the 5th floor, "The more sorrow you carve into your

being
the
more
joy you
can
contain"
and
"We
have
given
less
than we
have
received!!".



the

location go back to the beginnings of the Hospital.

Reports of ghostly Nurses and children haunt nearly every corner of the buildings and both current and past stories are passed down

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Stories of Ghosts in the

Hospital and the Tammen

Hall.

The stories of the ghosts at

from staff members and patients.

The most famous of the reported ghosts is that of a Nurse that lived in Tammen Hall. The legend is that she

was either pushed down the elevator shaft by here fiancé, where she was left to die. There is also a variation of the story that construction workers had killed her and buried her at the bottom of the elevator shaft. The story always includes that she was a soon to be bride and that after seeing her, people report seeing a wedding dress in one of the old rooms.

Michelle Hoffman (She was a medical researcher at the hospital) reported seeing a "Strange woman" at the end of the third floor hallway. She claimed that just as she noticed her the woman "Just disappeared".

A worker that was stringing wires through the ceiling reported that

when he was on the floor alone, he would witness lights turning on and off as well as doors that would open and close by themselves.

He was convinced that the Ghost was that of a nursing student that had died at the building and that she had taken a liking to him. However he also was

writings is "In this room...
Nathanyel learned to sit up,
walk, sing to his nurses &
say "bye-bye".... What a
love bug ©"

One of the most memorable

The signature on the wall stating "Last Patient out @ 1715 9/29! Yah, We made it!! ©" says it all.

When the Hospital was moved to its current location there was a sale of the equipment that was left behind for the public to purchase. The location offered sales of Televisions, Chairs, office equipment, janitorial equipment and supplies, etc...

reported to have refused to work alone because of the happenings.

A security guard that was doing the rounds reported that just as he got off of the elevator (reports of different floors) he saw what he reported as a "foggy entity" that "looked at him and then passed through a wall". The story continues that he went to his boss and immediately quit because of the event.

There is also the rumor of a Nurse that committed suicide in the 1950's in Tammen Hall just after it had opened. The name of the woman is said to be "Anita" and they have even named a room after her.

There are also reports of cold spots and an elevator that moves floor to floor without the help of a person located at the south end of the building on the East side of Tammen Hall.

The 5th floor has the story of "Shane" the ghost that the staff even said goodbye to in the writings on the wall. The story of Shane is that when children would stay in his room they would wake up screaming "get him off of me" this event was reported by many different children at different times that had no relation to each other.

During the time of the demolition the hospital was guarded by several off-duty Police officers. The majority of the officers refused to go to the areas that had stories of ghostly activity. One of them was actually quoted as saying "If I see any ghosts up there, I am throwing lead!".





The investigation of reported paranormal activity at the old Children's Hospital in **Denver**

We were contacted by the company that has been contracted to demolish the building as well as remove asbestos and salvage all of the materials that can be recycled from the building. They were interested in the stories of the reported paranormal events and helping to document the history of the Hospital from the beginning to the demolition of the building.

The team met with several of the people involved with the demolition of the Hospital several weeks before the investigation. We discussed what areas would need to be covered as well as collected stories of the current reported activity.

The building is guarded by offduty Police officers for many reasons. One would expect that the

reason is because of the



possibility of break-ins. There are actually several reasons

that they are guarding the building, it has become common practice for thieves to break into construction sites and steal Copper from the site. In fact the night that we arrived the Police were on-site because of the discovery of several "stashes" of copper and even a car loaded with it. Another reason for the security is

because of the condition of the building. When a building is in the process of demolition, all of the utilities are disconnected. This leaves the property in a vulnerable state

alarms. One of the requirements of the guard staff

> is to look for signs of fire on their



because of the 24/7 fire-watch that is in place.

The on-site investigation started on Friday February 22,

2008. We arrived at 6:00 to meet with the work crews to determine locations for power and also go through important information such as what areas to avoid that were under abatement for Asbestos.

Due to the size of the building we decided to locate on the 5th floor near room 562. The people that worked at the Hospital will remember it as 5 north. The reason for the choice of location was due to the reported incidents in room 562.



because there are no safety systems in place such as fire We also monitored several areas around the same location.

After the logistical meeting we surveyed the areas that we were going to be monitoring to determine where we could place equipment and what wiring we were going to need.

After determining that the majority of the building had no power, heat or running water we

decided that the closest source of electricity was in the front part of the building. We staged all of the equipment into the building using dollies and A/V carts while installing the 500+feet of extension cord to get

power into the area that we were setting up.



This building allowed us several great new opportunities that are not the normal thing allowed on a regular investigation. The majority of the video equipment that we used was hard-mounted to the

building itself allowing us leave the equipment in place and secure.

The areas that were monitored and equipment was:

Room 562
2 video cameras aiming from the back of the room towards the door 1 video camera located near the bathroom facing the location where the beds were located.

1 microphone

1 SizeMac

3 Control object Nerf

balls

1 Control object stuffed duck

1 video camera watching the control objects

Room 563
4 Video
Cameras
looking in all
directions
1 Control
object Nerf
ball
1 Control
object Stuffed
Lion

Entrance room leading to Room 562-563 1 Video camera looking towards entrance of both rooms 1 Microphone

5th Floor Pharmacy 1 Video camera looking at main counter 1 Control object Stuffed Rabbit (With big pointy teeth!!!)

5th Floor Bathroom located in hall to Pharmacy 1 Video camera

Hallway leading to 5th floor Pharmacy 1 Control object ball

The Patient Activity Room across from the Pharmacy 1 Video camera

1 Control object stuffed dinosaur

Room 555 1 Video camera 1 Control object Stuffed bear

We chose room 560 as the area to set up the monitoring station.
Each of the members helped set up equipment, however do to the lack of power, light and the cold conditions we did not finish setting up the equipment and getting baseline readings until around 1:00 am.

While setting up the equipment Baxter was having a problem with the video feed coming back from the seismograph. Bryan helped with the issue and when Baxter went back to

the computer to check if there were any issues with the computer he discovered that the A/V cable was not connected to the computer, in fact it was not even in the room anymore,

the cable had been moved out to the entrance room.

The Temperature at the start of



the investigation was 50 degrees at the monitoring location and 45 degrees in the rest of the rooms.

Throughout the investigation the temperatures were reasonably steady. The only noticeable changes were minimal and did not vary more than 5 degrees.

from and this was caused by both the heat from the

equipment and the investigators present in the room.

E.M.F. levels were low and consistent with the building not having any utilities.

The investigation started and some of the team

members interviewed several of the off-duty Police officers that are used a security for the building.

We discovered that even the majority of the Officers that guard the building will not venture into the locations that are considered to be haunted.

One of the Officers told a coworker that if he saw a ghost "lead would fly". Some of the other Officers talked about how they had heard different stories about the Hospital and that they would intentionally avoid specific rooms because of the odd feeling

that they would get in the areas. Another office related a



The only place that had more significant change was the room being used to monitor

story of a few weeks prior that was witnessed by all of the guard present. They stated that the entire 3rd floor of Tammen hall which is connected to the main Hospital building and without power had its lights come on for a brief period of time.

We had some guests that visited for a short time to see what we were doing and one even volunteered for a short period of time to stay in room 562.

While monitoring the rooms we noticed that there were sounds coming form room 562. We heard what sounded like banging and footsteps. The floor of the hospital is covered in debris from the demolition crew so if there is someone walking you can hear the

popping of plastic and other materials. The sounds that we were hearing from the room were similar in its quality.

After almost an hour of hearing the sounds, Baxter was volunteered to sit in the room and listen see if he could hear anything live in the room. He was in the room for less than 5 minutes and started to hear the same



sounds. He reported that the sounds were coming from

different areas and that there did not seem to be any kind of pattern or consistency to the sounds. We mentioned that some of the sounds could possibly be attributed to the settling of the building, the contraction of building materials due to temperature change or even mechanical

equipment, however the building had no power for equipment, the temperature was consistent throughout the building and reasonably close

to the temperature outside. The temperature outside had not changed much because of the winter weather. The possibility of the building settling was also questioned because of the fact that if a building settles it does not happen in just one room.

Later Bryan went into the room to listen and the sounds abruptly stopped. Bryan stayed in the room for a little over an hour; however

even though there was no activity he did get a little sleep.

The investigation continued and there were many sounds heard coming from room 563 and the bathroom adjoining the room. We also monitored what sounded like footsteps coming from the main hallway.

Bryan reported that on a trip back from the bathroom (The functioning one that was in the next building) he thought that someone from the team was playing with him and making sounds from one of the rooms and behind him because of the sounds of footsteps. The team was all accounted for and the sounds remain unaccounted for.

Viki was volunteered to go into room 563 to listen for some of the sounds that were being heard. While she was in the room she pointed to



the locations that she was hearing some of the sounds and it was noted that she did not point when all of the sounds were heard remotely. At that point Baxter decided to sit at the entrance to the room and see if he could hear the same sounds. He stated that he would do the same thing and point in the direction of the sounds that he heard. This was interesting because some of the sounds were heard by both of them however each of them also heard sounds that the other did not. It was also noted that the sounds were all heard from the monitoring location as well as some sounds that were not heard by either of the investigators in/in-front the room. Viki did report what she explained as a feeling of being cared for in the room.

and coffee break. When the team was on the way back to the room to continue monitoring they were just about to turn down the corridor towards the monitoring station and the sound of a very loud "crunch" was heard. It sounded like someone had stepped on

All of the team members went

to the main building for a heat

reasonable explanation for the sound.

We were joined by a Denver City council woman for a brief time on Saturday night. She volunteered to stay in room 562 for a while and see what it is that we do for an investigation.

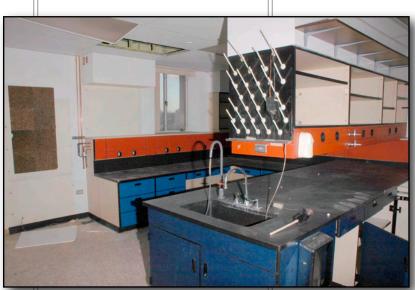
The team also worked on documenting the building itself as well as the "graffiti" that was left behind by the employees and patients that moved to the new location.

During the investigation the team left the site for 2 meal breaks with all of the equipment running and discovered that even while there was nobody on the floor

the sound could be heard.

The walls are covered in writing left by them in memory of the building and all of the good and bad

times that they had in it. The writing talks about the different children that grew up in the hospital, the ones that did not survive to make the trip home and the children that



part of the light fixtures that had fallen to the floor during the de-construction work. This sound was heard by everyone present and was investigated but we could not find any survived fights for their lives and had the opportunity to leave impressions on the staff. Some of the writing records the stories of the lengths of time that the staff had worked at different locations throughout the Hospital. One of the theories that a place is haunted is because of emotional experiences that people have in a location, if there is any credibility to the theory this would be a location that paranormal activity would exist.

The building itself has an ominous feel about it, you almost expect to see someone in each room as you pass by and it is almost unnerving that nobody is seen in the rooms as you pass by.

On Saturday around 2:00 in the morning we heard what sounded like a person loudly walking in the hallway just outside the room that we were monitoring from. Bryan and Stu immediately got up to investigate the noise. When they went out of the room they saw a silhouette at the end of the hallway moving to towards the stairwell. After further investigation it was determined that one of the security staff had ventured onto the 5th floor with us. This was a great opportunity to determine that we could tell the difference between the sounds of a guard on the floor and the sounds

that we were hearing in the different rooms.

The investigation was concluded on Sunday February 24 around 8:00 in the morning.



During the 1920's the children even had a sandbox inside the hospital.

During the move to the now location, the staff and patients all wrote their thoughts an goodbyes on the walls. Here is a collection of some of the writings that they left.



"Good Night Shane!" Left to the Spirit in room 562



"How many loves have we cared for in here???"



"Boo! Watch out"
Woohoo! No more of these heavy doors"



"Carson what an angel love you buddy!"

"Baby Melina... We had the best 5am play dates what I drew your labs"......



"How many rounds have we had?"

Things we won't miss Ghosts, Dark Cave, Broken Tube Station, Teeny Rooms 62,63, Whoosing sound when doors don't close right, Heavy doors that try to eat you.

People sneaking around to the door that's locked & scaring you when your working all alone back here!"



"How many loves have we cared for here?"



"Nurse Nancy fell down here!"



A view down the 5th floor hallway

Some of the leftover equipment at the Hospital











The Darkroom

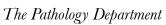


Pathology



Baxter in the Pathology Department



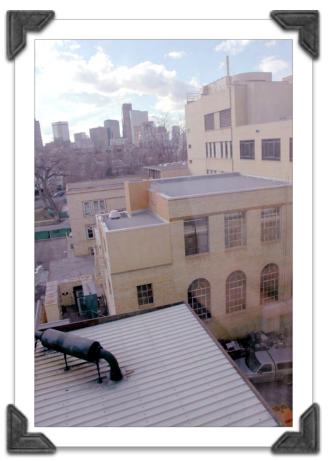




Pathology Lab's



A View out to the top of the building



A view of the outside



"Goodbye"



A list of "Our children"



A Clown



A list of some of the staff



"Sandra's Room"



"Dariya S... You Sweet sweet girl!! Doing so well still rock on w/your make-up"

Braedon M You cute boy, you!:



"Be the change you with to see in the world -Ghandi"



Unknown Writing



Signatures from the staff



Growth charts of some of the children



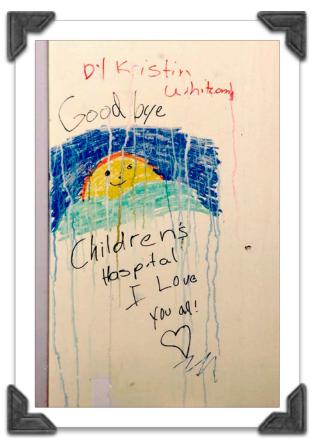
"Seth was here"
"O' if I were an angel..."



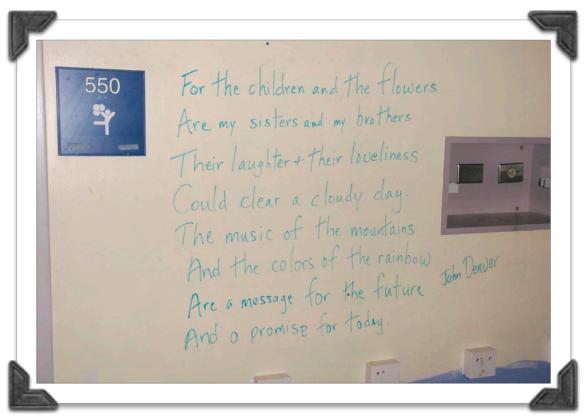
"Goodbye from Joshua! Thanks for making me better!" "Joshua Taylor Andrew 5yrs"



A list of the "Girls" on the floor



"By Kristin Whitcomb Goodbye Children's Hospital I love you!!"



A quote from John Denver



"Jason waz here.. Thanks 4 everything"



"The reward bins WILL be coming with us..
no worries. Compliments of Tommy the Great"
"Oh, how many hours and tears, passed here-"



"Yay, for private bathrooms!"
"Cool & Clean NEW Playrooms"



Equipment left in a room



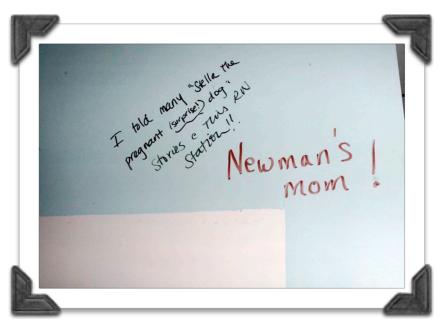
"Donna B was afraid to write on the walls"



"Heather's in labor Sat 4/29 Sky Ridge Hosp"



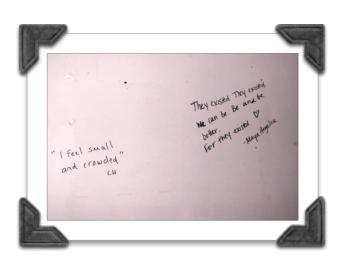
"Mandy was here for 3 years!!"
"Carla was her @ this desk 4 5 years"



"I told many "Stella the pregnant (Surpirse) dog" stories at this RN Station" "Newman's mom"

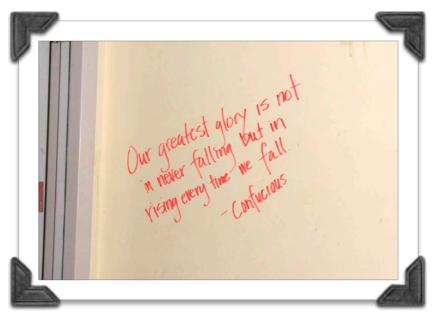


"Wont miss the broken baby monitors"



"I feel small and crowded" CH"

"They existed we can be. Be and be better for
they existed. - Maya Anjelou"



"Our greatest glory is not in never falling but



"It is only with the heart that one sees rightly, what is essential is invisible to the eye"



"Never Forgotten!"



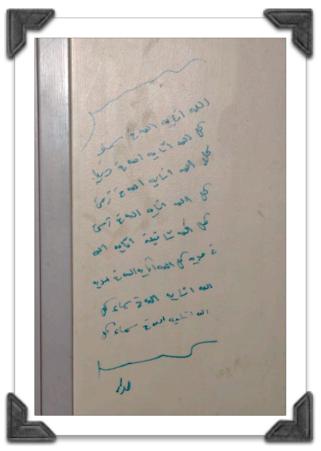
"No more Apple Juice & Graham Cracker Dinner!"



"Sometimes even to live is an act of courage.
- Seneca



Copper recover in one of the rooms



Unknown



"How many hours have we all clocked here???"



"Cancer Sucks"



"This is where the magic HAPPENS!"

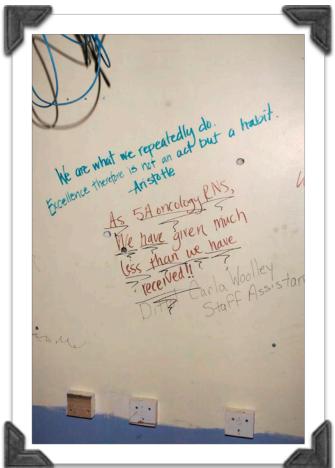


"Moms Spot"

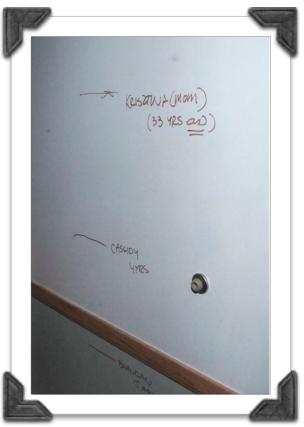




"The more sorrow carved into your being the more Joy you can contain. - K. Gilbran"



"We are what we repeatedly do excellence therefore is not an act but a habit - Aristotle" As 5A oncology RN'S We have given much less that we have received!!"



"Kristina (Mom) (33yrs old) Cassidy 4yrs Brandan 15 months"



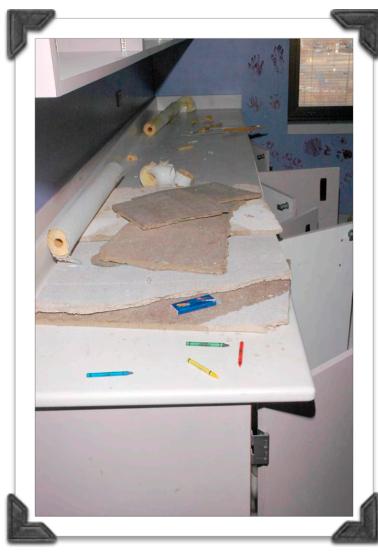
"Thank you 5A staff for everything"



Handprints left by some of the Children



Handprints from the Children





"Love you thanks 4 everything"
"Thank you all!
New,old, good & bad always remember the
times we had! - Selena's mommy"



"May god bless all who enters this room -Chicken Little"



One of the RN Stations



Patient board on 5



"Last Night @ TCH 9-28-07" "JAX was here 9-20-07"



Drawings left by the Nurses



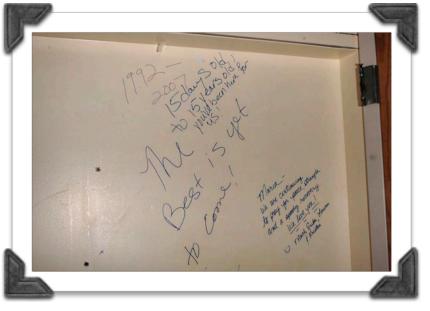
"My grace is sufficient for you for my power is made in perfect weakness" "He gives strength to the weary"
"Expect Miracles"



"Maria - Bless you and keep you continued strength and courage - and faith in abundance! Go with God -He's got the plan - Jayne B"



"5North The house that Dennis built. It was a great ride I'll miss this place. Mary Mac 1/2/79-2/29/07



"1992-2007 15 days old to 15 years old youve bee here for us!" "The best is yet to come!" "Maria - we are continuing to pray fo peace, strength and a speedy recovery. We love you! Mark, Erika, Lauren & Kristen"



"5North Where my time at TCH began Maxine 1987-?" "God Bless everyone" "Good-bye 5N We'll miss you!!"



The final message



An RN Station

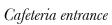


The entrance to Pediatric Imaging



RN Station on 5







Old equipment left behind



The Cafeteria



Dining area

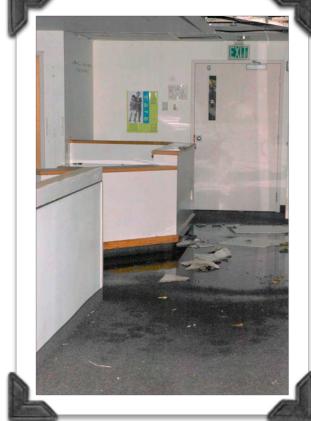


Bed storage

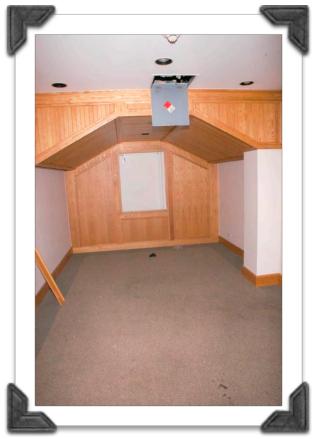


Old print room





A flood in the Library



The Chapel



4th floor Psych



Therapy meeting rooms



Blood & Marrow Processing Labs



More Processing Labs

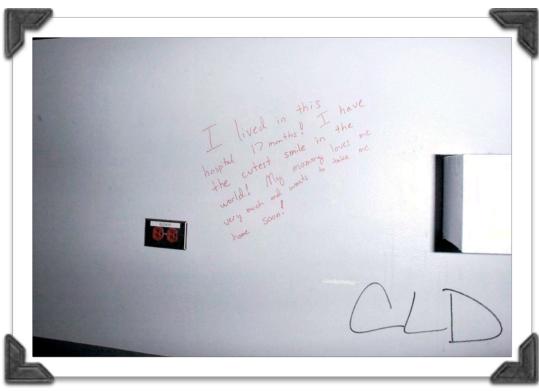


Views of the outside of the building

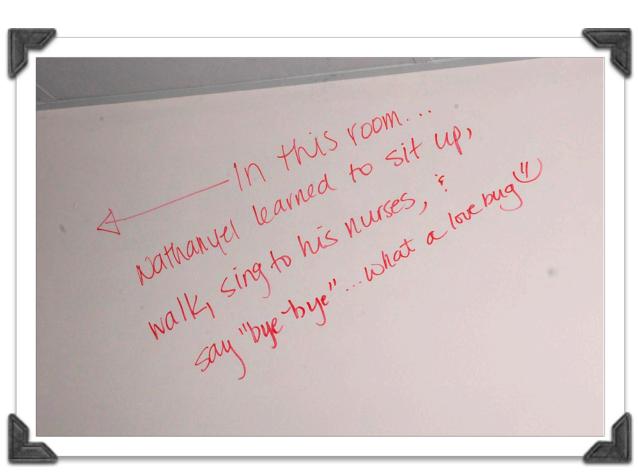




Dialysis room...
Was the T.B. open air room at one time.



"I lived in this hospital 17 months! I have the cutest smile in the world! My mommy loves me very much and wants to take me home very soon!"



"This is the room... Nathanyel learned to sit up, walk, sing to his nurses, & say "bye-bye"... what a love bug"



One of the RN Stations



The "Log Cabin" Playhouse



Operating rooms





Operating room





Intensive Care Unit



Office Spaces



Psychiatric holding rooms





The Wizard



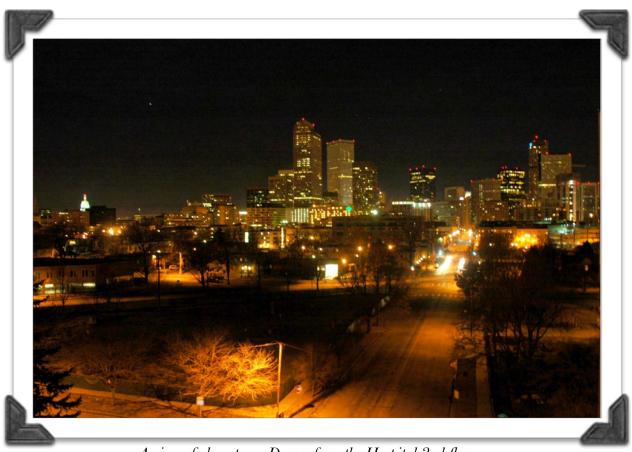
Entrance to the Blood Donor Center



"Your Nurse today is: Charles Manson"



 $Steel\ Crib$



A view of downtown Denver from the Hospital 2nd floor



The Cherub in the Chapel



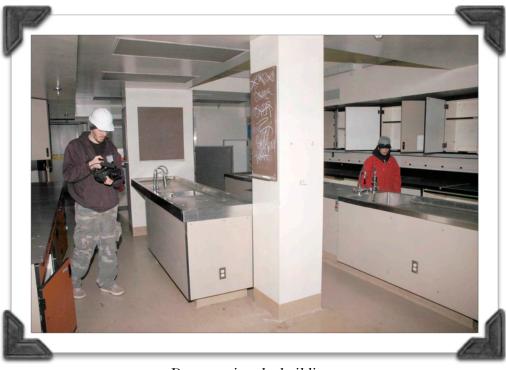
Elevator doors



Offices in front of Hospital



The monitoring room



Documenting the building



Setting up a camera



The equipment in "Shane's room"



More camera's in the Pharmacy



Camera setup in room 562



2 cameras and a seismograph in "Shane's room"



A tiger control objet



A camera looking into 562



The view from the camera



Seismograph monitoring station



Some of the monitoring equipment



The Hospital Main entrance



